

## **Degree in Physiotherapy**

Integrated Teaching: REHABILITATION METHODOLOGY

Teaching: Nursing Sciences and neuropsychiatric rehabilitation techniques

SSD: MED/48 Numero di CFU: 6

Professor: Giovanni Galeoto e-mail: <u>Giovanni.galeoto@unicamillus.org</u>
Professor: Annamaria Servadio e-mail: <u>annamaria.servadio@unicamillus.org</u>

Professor: Loredana Gigli e-mail: <a href="mailto:loredana.gigli@unicamillus.org">loredana.gigli@unicamillus.org</a>

## **PREREQUISITES**

Mandatory preparatory knowledges are not required, however knowledge about anatomy and neuroanatomy, physiology and neurophysiology and basic concepts of Physics and applied physics are required. are necessary.

## **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

<u>General Objective:</u> The student will have to acquiregeneral knowledge on the significance of functional onalevaluation, the methodological approach of rehabilitation, on the subjects participating in it, and on the general techniques of handling and mobilizing Patient.

<u>Specific objectives</u>: Through a deepening of the joint physiology, themuscular tests and the techni ques of mobilization andhandling of loads, the student will be able to acquire thefoundations to un dertake the practical training course.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

## **Knowledge and understanding**

At the end of the course the student is required to know

- the basic anatomical terminology and basic anatomical structures of the human body (locomotor apparatus)
- organization and basic structure of the central and peripheral nervous system
- Acquire specific knowledge on biomechanics and joint physiology as an analysis and guidance system for function assessment
- Acquire specific knowledge on the neurophysiological mechanisms of manual muscle test functioning
- Learn the main tests of muscle and joint examination and their correct execution
- Learn the evaluation method of the Manual Muscle Test

## Applying knowledge and understanding

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

Use the acquired knowledge of human anatomy and neuroanatomy for the functional assessment of the healthy person.



## **Communication skills**

At the end of the course the student must know adequately human anatomical structures, muscle and joint tests, joint physiology and biomechanics and knowing how to use specific anatomical terminology so as to be able to relate, within the care process, with users of all ages and / or other health professionals, in an appropriate verbal, non-verbal and written form.

## **Making judgements**

The knowledge of biomechanics, joint and muscle physiology will help the physiotherapist to develop a critical thinking in the ability to decide the correct answer to the needs of assistance in relation to the different levels of complexity of the rehabilitation intervention

# **Syllabus**

	Articular physiology of the pelvis and the lower limb				
	The pelvis: articular surfaces; Physiology of movements; Ligaments and muscular actions				
	Hip: articular surfaces; Physiology of movements; Ligaments and muscular actions				
	The knee: articular surfaces; Physiology of movements; Ligaments and muscular actions				
	The ankle: articular surfaces; Physiology of movements; Ligaments and muscular actions				
	Foot: articular surfaces; Physiology of movements; Ligaments and muscular actions				
The PLANTAR Vault: Functions of the Vault; Inner Arch; Outer arc; Front arch; transverse and longitudinal curvature; Muscles that support the plantar vault; Carrying of the foot to the ground during the pass.					
Articul	ar physiology of the shoulder and upper extremity				
SECTIO	ON I				
	Principles and Methods				
	Joint Range of Motion				
	Assessment and Measurement of Joint Range of Motion				
	Assessment and Measurement of Muscle Length				
	Manual Assessment of Muscle Strength				
	Functional Application of Assessment of Joint				
	Range of Motion and Manual Muscle Testing				
	Relating Assessment to Treatment				
	Similar Assessment and Treatment				
	Methods				
	Key Steps When Applying Assessments and Treatments				
	Examples of Similar Assessment and Treatment Methods				



SEC	CTIC	ON II
		Regional Evaluation
		Techniques
Sho	oulo	ler Complex
		Articulations and Movements
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Length Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Strength Assessment
		Functional Application
Elb	ow	and Forearm
		Articulations and Movements
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Length Assessment and
		Measurement
		Muscle Strength Assessment
		Functional Application
Wr	ist a	and Hand
		Articulations and Movements
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Length Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Strength Assessment
		Functional Application
Hip	)	
		Articulations and Movements
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Strength Assessment
		Functional Application
Kn		
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Length Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Strength Assessment
An	_	and Foot
		Articulations and Movements
		Surface Anatomy
		Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement
		Muscle Strongth Assessment and Measurement
	J	Muscle Strength Assessment



	Functional Application
Head,	Neck, and Trunk
	Articulations and Movements: Head and Neck
	Instrumentation and Measurement Procedures:
	TMJ and Spine
	Active Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement: Head and Neck
	Validity and Reliability: Measurement of the TMJ and Cervical Spine AROM
	Muscle Strength Assessment: Muscles of the Face
	Muscle Strength Assessment: Muscles of the Head and Neck
	Articulations and Movements: Trunk
	Surface Anatomy: Trunk
	Active Range of Motion Assessment and Measurement: Trunk
	Validity and Reliability: Measurement of the Thoracic and Lumbar Spine AROM
	Muscle Length Assessment and Measurement: Trunk
	Muscle Strength Assessment: Muscles of the Trunk
	Functional Application: Neck and Trunk

## **COURSE STRUCTURE**

The teaching is organized in lectures (60 hours) and practical theoretical exercises. During the lessons, the explanation of articular Physiology and Biomechanics will be performed by projecting illustrative images (Power-Point) and video. During the exercises the students will be able to test the arctic and muscular tests on themselves simulating the function evaluation. In the classroom during the lessons the students will practice the mentioned tests in groups.

# COURSE GRADE DETERMINATION PROVA ORALE E TEORICA

CRITERIO	DESCRITTORE	PUNTEGGIO	Q1	Q2
PERTINENZA	Esposizione congruente alle indicazioni ed alle richieste del quesito, sostenuta da costrutti teorici e/o esempi pertinenti	4,5		
	Esposizione sostanzialmente congruente alle indicazioni ed alle richieste del quesito	3		
	Esposizione frammentaria e disorganica con argomentazioni confuse	2,5		



	Risposta non data	0		
	Conoscenze	4,5		
	complete ed			
	approfondite,			
	sviluppo analitico,			
	esauriente ed			
	organico di tutti gli			
	argomenti richiesti Conoscenze	3		
ZZA	complete, sviluppo	3		
H.	sufficientemente			
PLE	organico degli			
COMPLETEZZA	argomenti richiesti			
ŏ	Conoscenze	2,5		
	approssimative e/o			
	sviluppo poco			
	organico			
	Conoscenze	0		
	lacunose/esigua			
	trattazione/risposta			
	non data	TOT DUNITEGE	(0.4.4.)(.0)	(0.4.0.)
		TOT. PUNTEGGI	(MAX 9)	(MAX 9)
		VOTO FINALE		

# **PROVA PRATICA**

CRITERIO		DESCRITTORE	PUNTEGGIO	Q1	Q2
Individuare tramite		Esegue completamente	3		
ANATOMIA PALPATORIA	palpazione i principali punti di repere. Posizione corretta dell'operatore rispetto al test	Esegue con incertezza	2		
		Esegue parzialmente con facilitazione	1		
		Non esegue	0		
	Esecuzione di un	Esegue completamente	3		
ESECUZIONE TEST	test articolare e/o di un test	Esegue con incertezza	2		
	muscolare	Esegue	1		
	proposto dalla	parzialmente con			
	Commissione	facilitazione			
		Non esegue	0		



ТОТ.	(MAX 6)	(MAX 6)
PUNTEGGI		
VOTO FINALE	(MAX 12)	

The assessment of learning takes place on the basis of an oral and theoretical test and a practical test. For each test, different scores are awarded depending on the difficulty of the application and depending on the answers given (complete or partial) for a maximum of 30 points.

The overall mark is determined by the sum of the mark of the theoretical test with the mark obtained in the practical test. There are two questions for each theoretical and practical area.

## **OPTIONAL ACTIVITIES**

Students will have the opportunity to carry out theoretical / practical exercises and participate in dedicated seminars. The teachers will provide constant support during and after the lessons. The Practice Laboratory is available to students for individual and group study.

### **READING MATERIALS**

## SUGGESTED BOOKS:

	00101125 5001101
Fu	nctional anatomy-upper limb-lower extremity-trunk and spine - Kapandji   Monduzzi
	MUSCULO-SKELETAL ASSESSMENT Joint Motion and Muscle Testing - Hazel M. Clarkson, M.A.,
	B.P.T. 2013 LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS
	Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain: Testing and Function with Posture and
	Pain, (ENGLISH EDITION) Florence P. Kendall, Elizabeth Kendall McCreary Patricia G.
	Provance Mary Rodgers William Romani, LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS
	Musculoskeletal Assessment: Joint Motion and Muscle Testing Spiral-bound - 17 Jan 2012
	LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS
	Physiology of the Joints 6th Edition Volume 2 Lower Limb ELSAVIER
	Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain: Testing and Function with Posture and
	Pain, (ENGLISH EDITION) Florence P. Kendall, Elizabeth Kendall McCreary Patricia G.
	Provance Mary Rodgers William Romani, LIPPINCOTT Musculoskeletal Assessment: Joint
	Motion and Muscle Testing Spiral-bound – 17 Jan 2012 LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS
	Physiology of the Joints 6th Edition Volume 2 Lower Limb ELSEVIER WILLIAMS & WILKINS